

# 理工英语 2

## 形成性考核册

外语教学部 编

考核册为附赠资源，适用于本课程采用纸质形考的学生。

若采用**网上形考**或有其他疑问请咨询课程教师。

学校名称：\_\_\_\_\_

学生姓名：\_\_\_\_\_

学生学号：\_\_\_\_\_

班 级：\_\_\_\_\_



## 使用说明

形成性考核是学习测量和评价的一个重要部分，是根据课程教学大纲和考核说明的要求，结合学生的学习进度而设计的测评方法要求与试题的汇集。认真按时完成《形成性考核册》的规定任务是开放教育管理的基本要求之一，旨在促进学生的自主学习、及时巩固学习成果、发现学习过程中的问题，便于学生查漏补缺、不断提高。同时，我们也希望这本手册能促进学习者与教师间的相互交流。在开放教育模式下，师生面对面交流的机会相对较少，通过考核册中所设计的各项内容，学生可以向老师反馈自己的学习情况，老师也能了解学生的需求与不足，并给予相应的指导与帮助。因此，我们制作了本形成性考核册，让学习者学练结合，并作为学习者学习过程的记录以及“理工英语2”课程形成性考核的依据。

### 考核内容及评分

本课程的形成性考核满分 100 分，占课程总成绩的 50%，即 50 分。具体考核内容及评分标准参看下表：

形成性考核任务列表

| 考核册内容    | 所占分值 | 评分标准       |
|----------|------|------------|
| 作业 1     | 20 分 | 参见作业上的评分标准 |
| 作业 2     | 20 分 | 参见作业上的评分标准 |
| 作业 3     | 20 分 | 参见作业上的评分标准 |
| 作业 4     | 20 分 | 由辅导教师布置并评分 |
| 学习表现综合评价 | 20 分 | 由辅导教师填写    |

### 注意事项：

1. 本形成性考核册及学习档案在课程学习期间由学生妥善保管，课程结束后上交学校存档。

2. 在课程学习期间，学生应按照辅导教师的要求按时提交本形成性考核册中的内容；辅导教师应及时批阅并给予反馈，对具有普遍性的问题应在面授课中予以提醒和指导，对于个别学生的个别问题应尽量给予有针对性的指点与帮助。

3. 如果学生在提交各项内容时，需要从本形成性考核册及学习档案中剪下来，请按各页中的虚线整齐剪开。若该次提交内容多于一页，请自行装订，以免散落丢失。提交内容返回后，请装订回原处。

4. 本形成性考核及学习档案共布置四次作业，其中第四次作业由地方分部自行布置，但作业内容必须装订入本形成性考核册中，以便统一存档管理。

国家开放大学外语教学部公共外语教学中心

2017 年 6 月

## 形成性考核成绩记录单

| 所在页数 | 考核内容                | 所占分值 | 学生得分 | 辅导教师对学生的综合评语   |       |
|------|---------------------|------|------|--|-------|
| 1    | 作业 1<br>(Units 1-4) | 20   |      | 本学期你的“理工英语 2”课程形成性考核成绩为_____分<br>评语：<br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br>辅导教师签名：<br>年 月 日 |       |
| 7    | 作业 2<br>(Units 5-8) | 20   |      |  |       |
| 13   | 作业 3<br>(综合测试)      | 20   |      |  |       |
| 19   | 作业 4                | 20   |      |  |       |
|      | 学习表现<br>综合评价        | 20   |      | 班<br>主<br>任<br>签<br>名  | 年 月 日 |
|      | 总计                  | 100  |      |  |       |

说明：计算四次作业的形成性考核成绩时，需将其卷面分数（百分制）乘以其所占分值的比例。例如，“作业 1”教师评分为 90 分，则相应的形成性考核成绩为  $90 \times 20\% = 18$  分。

# 理工英语 2 作业 1

姓 名: \_\_\_\_\_

学 号: \_\_\_\_\_

得 分: \_\_\_\_\_

教师签名: \_\_\_\_\_

## 一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1~5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在题前括号内。

( ) 1. - What can I do for you?

- \_\_\_\_\_

- A. I want a kilo of grapes.
- B. You can go your own way.
- C. Thanks.

( ) 2. - Would you mind me smoking here?

- \_\_\_\_\_ It's non-smoking area here.

- A. Yes, please.
- B. I'm afraid I've to say yes.
- C. No, you can't.

( ) 3. - What do you think of this novel?

- \_\_\_\_\_

- A. I've read it.
- B. It's very good.
- C. I bought it yesterday.

( ) 4. - Welcome to our company. I hope you will enjoy your work here.

- \_\_\_\_\_

- A. I am sure I will.
- B. I can learn a lot.
- C. You are very kind.

( ) 5. - It has been a wonderful evening. Thank you very much.

- \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Don't say so.
- B. My pleasure.
- C. No, thanks.



二、选择填空 ( 共计 30 分, 每小题 2 分)

6~20 题: 阅读下面的句子, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并将答案序号写在题前括号内。

- (     ) 6. Mr. Johnson has lived in Shanghai \_\_\_\_\_ 1995.  
A. since                      B. from                      C. in
- (     ) 7. He is hard to get along \_\_\_\_\_ if you don't agree with him.  
A. for                          B. with                      C. about
- (     ) 8. They promised that the project would be all finished \_\_\_\_\_ next week.  
A. until                        B. in                          C. by
- (     ) 9. There's a lot to do. We can't \_\_\_\_\_ to waste any time.  
A. wait                         B. afford                    C. want
- (     ) 10. We'd better \_\_\_\_\_ whites and colors before washing.  
A. compare                    B. establish                 C. separate
- (     ) 11. Nobody could \_\_\_\_\_ this problem.  
A. think of                     B. fill in                     C. figure out
- (     ) 12. The bridge was named \_\_\_\_\_ the hero who gave his life for the cause of the people.  
A. after                        B. with                        C. by
- (     ) 13. In considering people for jobs, we give \_\_\_\_\_ to those with some experience.  
A. decision                    B. attempt                    C. preference
- (     ) 14. – How many students are there in your class \_\_\_\_\_?  
– Forty-five.  
A. at all                        B. in total                    C. in the end
- (     ) 15. He asked us to watch carefully everything \_\_\_\_\_ he did in class.  
A. who                         B. that                        C. where
- (     ) 16. It is still possible for fully vaccinated people to pick up and \_\_\_\_\_ the virus.  
A. transmit                    B. transaction                C. transit
- (     ) 17. The digital camera is \_\_\_\_\_ nine hundred Yuan.  
A. pay                         B. spend                      C. worth
- (     ) 18. After the class, students went out of the classroom one by one, but only Mary \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. left                         B. was left                    C. has left
- (     ) 19. She heard a terrible noise, \_\_\_\_\_ brought her heart into her mouth.  
A. it                            B. which                      C. that
- (     ) 20. – She didn't come to school yesterday, did she?  
– \_\_\_\_\_, though she was not feeling well.  
A. No, she didn't              B. Yes, she didn't            C. Yes, she did

## 三、阅读理解 ( 共计 40 分, 每小题 4 分)

21~25 题: 阅读对话, 用所给单句完成对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

**Passage 1**

- A. Does he have any brand preference?  
 B. Welcome to Hal's Computer World.  
 C. Well, it's good,  
 D. Do you have any recommendations?  
 E. I'll give you a more detailed brochure later.

*Smith wants to buy a computer for his son. He comes to a computer shop.*

Jane: Hi! 21 Can I help you?

Smith: I would like to buy a computer for my son. I was told it is cheaper to buy computers here.

22

Jane: Yes. We have plenty of choices for you. So, home computer or a laptop, which one does he like? 23

Smith: He prefers ASUS (华硕), laptop, which is much more convenient.

Jane: I see. How about this one? ASUS F83E335Cr-SL. It is really suitable for students.

Smith: Let me see. 24 but I don't think 320 GB is enough.

Jane: If you wish to upgrade the hard drive, we can definitely do so. It costs 150 yuan to upgrade it from 320 GB to 500 GB.

Smith: Great. My son likes keeping a lot of movies and pictures on the hard drive.

Jane: No problem. 25

26~30 题: 根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确, 正确的写 "T", 错误的写 "F", 并将答案写在题前括号内。

**Passage 2****Benefits of Video Conferencing**

Almost everyone is familiar with video conferencing today, and for good reasons. Video conferencing is convenient. Video conferencing saves money. Video conferencing makes money. And it is so much easier than it used to be.

Today, of course, video conferencing has become an important means for doing business. There is no longer a need to waste time and money traveling, and the advanced technology can offer what every conferencing needs. Audio, web and video together can provide good solutions for large conferences with Q&A sessions and private chats.

Why is video conferencing so successful when other technologies have come and gone? It is because it is convenient and cost-effective. In addition to saving time and money, video conferencing is a lot less stressful than a meeting after a day of airport security, delayed flights and hotel check-in, etc.

Best of all, video conferencing is not expensive nowadays. Web, video and audio conferencing

service providers can quickly get you up and running, often without setup fees or high charges. With all that's available today, the only question is whether a business can afford not to use user-friendly video conferencing.

- ( ) 26. It's easy to use video conferencing in the past.
- ( ) 27. Video conferencing is a convenient way for doing business.
- ( ) 28. Only video can provide good solutions for large conferences with Q&A sessions.
- ( ) 29. Compared to some other forms of meetings, video conferencing is much more stressful.
- ( ) 30. Nowadays if you don't use video conferencing in some cases, maybe your business will suffer losses to some degree.

#### 四、翻译 ( 共计 20 分, 每小题 4 分)

31~35 题: 英译汉, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 并将答案序号写在题前括号内。

- ( ) 31. Have you run off a copy of the report for the boss yet?
  - A. 老板要求的报告你写完了吗?
  - B. 你拿走老板的报告了吗?
  - C. 你有没有把报告复印一份给老板?
- ( ) 32. How do you like your new teacher?
  - A. 你喜欢你的新老师吗?
  - B. 你觉得你的新老师怎么样?
  - C. 你是怎样喜欢你的新老师的?
- ( ) 33. After some initial problems, the kind of delicious biscuits was successfully produced in quantity.
  - A. 紧跟在最早的一些问题后面的是, 这种美味的饼干被成功地大量地生产了。
  - B. 解决了最初的一些问题之后, 终于成功地生产出了大量美味的饼干。
  - C. 解决了最初的一些问题之后, 终于成功地生产出了高质量的美味饼干。
- ( ) 34. Some historic pictures have been seriously damaged by time.
  - A. 一些被严重损坏的历史照片所记录下的事件由于时间久远而被淡忘了。
  - B. 一些时间久远的照片被严重破坏了。
  - C. 一些具有历史意义的照片由于年代久远, 已被严重损坏。
- ( ) 35. I haven't been out of the office before 9 p. m. a single day this week.
  - A. 这周只有一天我在九点之前离开了办公室。
  - B. 这周没有一天我是在晚上九点前离开办公室的。
  - C. 这周有一天我在九点之前去了办公室。



答 题 纸

答 题 纸

## 理工英语 2 作业 2

姓 名: \_\_\_\_\_

学 号: \_\_\_\_\_

得 分: \_\_\_\_\_

教师签名: \_\_\_\_\_

### 一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1~5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在题前括号内。

- ( ) 1. - Would you like to see a film?  
- \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Yes, I'd love to.  
B. Do it, please.  
C. No, you like it?
- ( ) 2. I will have a minor surgery tomorrow. Can I ask for one day off?  
- \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Okay. Get well soon.  
B. I'm afraid you can't.  
C. See you later.
- ( ) 3. - \_\_\_\_\_ taking a walk after supper?  
- Good idea.  
A. How about  
B. Why not  
C. Could we
- ( ) 4. - I came out first in the English Speaking Contest.  
- \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Congratulations!  
B. Good luck!  
C. Good for you!
- ( ) 5. - Any suggestions for my meeting today?  
- \_\_\_\_\_  
A. I'm afraid I don't know.  
B. I think you should ask others. I'm busy.  
C. Why don't you wear your black suit and that yellow tie?

二、选择填空 ( 共计 30 分, 每小题 2 分)

6~20 题: 阅读下面的句子, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并将答案序号写在题前括号内。

- ( ) 6. He has worked very hard \_\_\_\_\_ he came to our school.  
A. for                                      B. in                                      C. since
- ( ) 7. I had to go to the cinema on my \_\_\_\_\_ because all my friends were busy.  
A. own                                      B. way                                      C. feet
- ( ) 8. \_\_\_\_\_ horrible the plan is!  
A. What a                                      B. How a                                      C. How
- ( ) 9. There \_\_\_\_\_ two boys and a girl in the picture.  
A. is                                      B. are                                      C. have
- ( ) 10. — Look, it \_\_\_\_\_ be Mr. Smith.  
— It can't be him. He has gone to France.  
A. must                                      B. can                                      C. will
- ( ) 11. The result is \_\_\_\_\_ we won the game.  
A. what                                      B. that                                      C. which
- ( ) 12. I will \_\_\_\_\_ you to dinner because you helped me with my work.  
A. treat                                      B. thank                                      C. make
- ( ) 13. He \_\_\_\_\_ very busy this week. He \_\_\_\_\_ free next week.  
A. will be; is                                      B. will be; will be                                      C. is; will be
- ( ) 14. — Do you think Qingdao is a fantastic place for tourist?  
— Yes, I have \_\_\_\_\_ there many times. It is quite beautiful.  
A. gone                                      B. been                                      C. went
- ( ) 15. He was unable to \_\_\_\_\_ his stubborn partner of his viewpoint.  
A. move                                      B. convince                                      C. change
- ( ) 16. I feel it is your husband who \_\_\_\_\_ for the spoiled child.  
A. is to blame                                      B. is to excuse                                      C. is to accuse
- ( ) 17. Time is \_\_\_\_\_. Ten years have passed in a wink.  
A. short                                      B. past                                      C. fleeting
- ( ) 18. All her suggestions have been \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. adopted                                      B. adapted                                      C. adjusted
- ( ) 19. The new coat \_\_\_\_\_ me well.  
A. match                                      B. fit                                      C. fits
- ( ) 20. Would you like to help me \_\_\_\_\_ some RMB for dollars?  
A. exchange                                      B. manufacture                                      C. store

三、阅读理解 ( 共计 40 分, 每小题 4 分)

21~25 题: 阅读对话, 用所给单句完成对话, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

**Passage 1**

A. Don't tell me you're already looking for a promotion.

B. Can you fill me in on what has been happening?

C. Well, I wish you luck.

D. But how did you know about my new job?

E. So what do you do there exactly?

*Mary is talking to Tim about his new job.*

Mary: Hi, Tim. How do you like your new job?

Tim: I like it. 21

Mary: I just heard through the grapevine that you landed a job in a big car company. 22

Tim: OK, two weeks ago I got a tip that this company wanted to take on some experienced workers who have experience with wireless electrical car-charging technology.

Mary: Oh, you happen to have that work experience.

Tim: Well, anyway, I made a beeline over to their office, had an interview with the department manager, and was told to start work the next day.

Mary: That's really great. 23

Tim: Right now I'm basically just an office worker, but if I'm given the chance, I want to become the Marketing Director there.

Mary: 24

Tim: No, of course not. I've got a lot to learn yet. But in the meantime, I just want to be a good team worker and not step on anyone's toes.

Mary: 25

Tim: Thank you.

26~30 题: 阅读短文, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案, 并将答案序号写在题前括号内。

**Passage 2**

**Your Working Environment Is Killing You!**

Many of us spend plenty of our time at work, but rarely give much thought to how our environment might be affecting us.

Open offices could be making you unproductive and unhappy. A 2011 review of studies examined the effects of various types of office environments. It found that open offices can have a negative impact on workers when it comes to focus, efficiency, creativity and job satisfaction. However, a 2013 study found that employees with private offices were more satisfied at work.

Your working environment could wind up your stress levels. A recent Monster. com poll found that 42 percent of U. S. workers have left a job due to stressful environment. It also found that 61 percent of

American workers believe that work stress has been a cause of illness.

A noisy workspace could be killing your concentration because of phones ringing and colleagues chatting, typing and moving around. These noises are the “enemy of focus” and meaningful time is lost.

A sedentary lifestyle increases your risk of disease. We’ve all heard that “sitting is the new smoking”. Your desk job could almost be killing you. Sitting at a desk all day can also contribute to aches and pains, while staring at a computer screen for hours can cause vision problems and headaches.

It’s no exaggeration that your working environment is killing you. Be alert!

- ( ) 26. Many of us \_\_\_\_\_ pay much attention to our working environment.  
A. seldom                      B. often                      C. always
- ( ) 27. Open offices could make you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. efficient and unhappy  
B. inefficient and upset  
C. relaxed and happy
- ( ) 28. It was found that employees with \_\_\_\_\_ were more satisfied at work.  
A. private offices              B. open offices              C. new offices
- ( ) 29. According to the passage, \_\_\_\_\_ is the “enemy of focus” .  
A. colleagues chatting      B. phone ringing              C. noise
- ( ) 30. Staring at a computer screen for hours increases your chances of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. vision problems              B. headaches              C. Both A and B

#### 四、翻译 (共计 20 分, 每小题 4 分)

31~35 题: 英译汉, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 并将答案序号写在题前括号内。

- ( ) 31. I’m all ears.  
A. 我洗耳恭听              B. 我爱打听              C. 我耳鸣
- ( ) 32. He is determined not to give in until they give him a pay rise.  
A. 除非他们给他加薪, 否则他坚决不让步。  
B. 除非他们给他升职, 否则他就辞职。  
C. 除非他们给他加薪, 否则他就休假。
- ( ) 33. I am involved in two projects at present.  
A. 目前我申请了两个项目。  
B. 目前我完成了两个项目。  
C. 目前我参与了两个项目。

- ( ) 34. I just heard through the grapevine that you landed a job in a big car company.
- A. 我刚听小道消息说你在一家大汽车公司找到了工作。
  - B. 我才知道你在一家大公司工作得不顺利。
  - C. 我刚听小道消息说你从一家大汽车公司辞职了。
- ( ) 35. Would you rather work in the countryside than in the city?
- A. 与农村相比，你是更想在城里工作吗？
  - B. 与城里相比，你是更想在农村工作吗？
  - C. 农村的工作和城里的工作，哪个更适合你？

答 题 纸



## 理工英语 2 作业 3

姓 名: \_\_\_\_\_

学 号: \_\_\_\_\_

得 分: \_\_\_\_\_

教师签名: \_\_\_\_\_

### 一、交际用语 (共计 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1~5 题: 选择正确的语句完成下列对话, 并将答案序号写在题前括号内。

- ( ) 1. - What would you like to have, meat or fish?  
- \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Either will do.  
B. Yes, I like meat.  
C. Yes, I like fish.
- ( ) 2. - Congratulation! You won the prize for best photography.  
- \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Yes, it's true.  
B. Thank you.  
C. No, I didn't do it very well.
- ( ) 3. -How could you say that?  
- \_\_\_\_\_ I didn't mean to hurt you.  
A. That's right.  
B. I won't regret.  
C. I'm really sorry.
- ( ) 4. - Welcome to our company. I hope you will enjoy your work here.  
- \_\_\_\_\_  
A. I am sure I will.  
B. I can learn a lot.  
C. You are very kind.
- ( ) 5. - How did you find the trip to the Jiuzhaigou?  
- \_\_\_\_\_  
A. The guide took us there.  
B. First by train and then by bus.  
C. Very fantastic indeed.

二、选择填空 ( 共计 30 分, 每小题 2 分)

6~20 题: 阅读下面的句子, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并将答案序号写在题前括号内。

- (     ) 6. What do you have \_\_\_\_\_ lunch?  
A. in                                    B. for                                    C. at
- (     ) 7. It was in Xiamen \_\_\_\_\_ I saw the sea for the first time.  
A. where                                B. that                                C. when
- (     ) 8. \_\_\_\_\_ give your mom my best regards!  
A. Do                                    B. Remember                        C. Does
- (     ) 9. A good boss is the one who can \_\_\_\_\_ his employees to work harder and harder.  
A. motivate                            B. move                                C. excite
- (     ) 10. \_\_\_\_\_ she comes or not makes no difference.  
A. Whether                             B. That                                C. What
- (     ) 11. I know a little bit about France as my wife and I \_\_\_\_\_ there several years ago.  
A. are going to                        B. went                                C. go
- (     ) 12. If you don't want to go, I will go \_\_\_\_\_ you.  
A. instead                               B. of instead                        C. instead of
- (     ) 13. This book has a great impact \_\_\_\_\_ the readers.  
A. in                                    B. on                                    C. for
- (     ) 14. The digital camera is \_\_\_\_\_ nine hundred Yuan.  
A. pay                                    B. spend                                C. worth
- (     ) 15. There's a lot to do. We can't \_\_\_\_\_ to waste any time.  
A. wait                                    B. afford                                C. want
- (     ) 16. Nobody could \_\_\_\_\_ this problem.  
A. think of                               B. fill in                                C. figure out
- (     ) 17. - How many students are there in your class \_\_\_\_\_?  
- Forty-five.  
A. at all                                B. in total                             C. in the end
- (     ) 18. He was unable to \_\_\_\_\_ his stubborn partner of his viewpoint.  
A. move                                B. convince                            C. change
- (     ) 19. John doesn't believe in \_\_\_\_\_ medicine; he has some remedies of his own.  
A. standard                             B. regular                             C. conventional
- (     ) 20. \_\_\_\_\_ may act as a cause of these illnesses.  
A. Stress                                B. Relaxation                        C. Happiness

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### 三、阅读理解 ( 共计 40 分, 每小题 4 分)

21~25 题: 根据短文内容判断给出的语句是否正确, 正确的写 “T”, 错误的写 “F”, 并将答案写在题前括号内。

#### Passage 1

Improving work safety is a must and a goal. It should be on everyone's mind. According to the U. S. Department of Labor, every year almost 6, 000 people are fatally injured at work. More than four million people suffer non-fatal injuries. What's worse, many of these deaths and injuries were due to carelessness, and could have easily been avoided by paying more attention to safety rules.

Employers are required to provide a safe workplace, but your safety at work is your business. If you feel like the environment is unsafe and your complaints fall on deaf ears, you should look for other employment or report the problem to the proper authorities. Of course, some jobs are more dangerous than others. If you have one of these jobs, you'll need to be extra alert. Deaths and injuries occur in all kinds of employment.

Thankfully, there are a great many things you can do to improve your safety at work. You can improve safety awareness among your co-workers and supervisors, as well as lobby your employer to improve safety policies, practices, and training. Be active when it comes to workplace safety. Don't wait for others to pick up the ball. While you're waiting, you may wind up getting injured. So take it upon yourself to do what you can to reduce your chances of being injured at work.

- (     ) 21. Improving work safety is necessary.
- (     ) 22. Many of these deaths and injuries at work could have been avoided.
- (     ) 23. You could do nothing if you feel like the environment is unsafe and your complaints fall on deaf ears.
- (     ) 24. Deaths and injuries only occur in dangerous jobs.
- (     ) 25. When it comes to workplace safety, the employees should be concerned about their own safety.

26~30 题: 阅读短文, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个正确答案, 并将答案序号写在答题纸上。

#### Passage 2

Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. Today we will visit an eco-industrial park. Well, before we take the tour, I want to introduce the concept to you.

An eco-industrial park (EIP) is a kind of special industrial park. In it, businesses can cooperate with each other and with the local community. Why do people build EIP's? They want to reduce waste and pollution. They want to efficiently share resources. They want to help achieve sustainable development. In this way, people can increase economic gains. And they can improve environmental quality. In EIP's, businesses are able to cooperate easily through good planning and design. More financially sound and environmentally friendly projects thus can be built.

The Eco-industrial Park Handbook defines the Eco-Industrial Park as a community. In the community, manufacturing and service businesses are located together on a common property. When man-

aging environmental and resource issues, members in the park are able to seek enhanced environmental, economic, and social performance through collaboration.

So it is clear that the key concept is ecology. Ecology can be realized through collaborative strategies. The strategies possibly include, for example, “waste-to-feed” exchanges, shared logistics, shared parking, multi-partner green building retrofit, district energy systems and so on. This is called an application of a systems approach. It means that designs and activities are *integrated* to address multiple objectives. Through good planning and design, we can develop an EIP as a green-field land project.

Ok, an eco-industrial park is quite different from the common ones. We can make sure that it enjoys increased popularity in the future, for the good of the environment we live in.

- (     ) 26. What is an eco-industrial park (EIP)?
- A. It is a common industrial park.  
B. It is a special amusement park.  
C. It is a unique industrial park.
- (     ) 27. Which is NOT the reason that people build the eco-industrial park?
- A. People want to compete for resources.  
B. People want to improve the environment.  
C. People want to decrease waste and pollution.
- (     ) 28. In the eco-industrial park, manufacturing and service businesses \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. are placed in separate locations  
B. are close to each other  
C. do not collaborate often
- (     ) 29. Which is NOT a collaborate strategy to achieve ecology?
- A. People who work at the eco-industrial park share parking lots.  
B. Partners work together to make the building more “green” .  
C. Companies at the eco-industrial park send their waste to landfills.
- (     ) 30. It means that designs and activities are *integrated* to address multiple objectives. The word *integrated* means \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. working together  
B. implemented  
C. innovated

#### 四、翻译 (共计 20 分, 每小题 4 分)

31~35 题: 英译汉, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 并将答案序号写在题前括号内。

- (     ) 31. A noisy workspace could be killing your concentration.
- A. 嘈杂的工作环境可能会分散你的注意力。  
B. 嘈杂的工作环境可能会扼杀你的兴趣。  
C. 嘈杂的工作环境可能会打击你的信心。

- ( ) 32. If you pay for it on Saturday or Sunday this week, you can actually get 5 percent off the usual sale price.
- A. 如果你在本周六周日买的话,可以享受平时的销售价格 5% 的折扣。  
B. 如果你在本周六周日买的话,可以得到平时的销售价格的 5%。  
C. 如果你在本周六周日买的话,可以在平时的销售价格上减去 5 元。
- ( ) 33. In our company there're so many outstanding people who are qualified to fill that position.
- A. 在我们公司有很多人站出来要得到这个职位。  
B. 在我们公司有这么多优秀的人都可以胜任这个职位。  
C. 在我们公司有很多出色的人都可以竞选得到这个职位。
- ( ) 34. The play has been on for two hours so the audiences are very tired.
- A. 这部剧已经演了两个小时了,所以观众们很累了。  
B. 这部剧两个小时就演完了,所以观众们不是很累。  
C. 这部剧已经演了两个小时了,所以演员们很累了。
- ( ) 35. It will give yourself a leg up when you look for a job.
- A. 当你找工作的时候,它将给你一条腿。  
B. 当你工作的时候,它能给你勇气。  
C. 当你找工作的时候,它能助你一臂之力。

答 题 纸

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## 理工英语 2 作业 4

姓 名: \_\_\_\_\_

学 号: \_\_\_\_\_

得 分: \_\_\_\_\_

教师签名: \_\_\_\_\_

由地方分部教师根据学习过程自主设计或命题。

建议采取以下一种或者多种考核形式。

1. 模拟试题。同于之前形成性考核作业的题型、题量和分值。
2. 文章写作。教师可以布置写作任务，评阅计分。
3. 听力测试。教师可安排听力小测，根据表现计分。
4. 口语测试。教师可以布置口头表达任务，随堂或者专门安排时间进行测试，根据表现计分。
5. 朗读测试。教师可以布置朗读材料，随堂或者专门安排时间进行测试，根据表现计分。
6. 教师也可以根据自己的教学设计，采取其他能激发学生学习自主性、全面提高学生语言技能、帮助学生适应职场环境的考核形式。



答 题 纸